

SRB DATA COLLECTIONS & XBRL-CSV APPROACH

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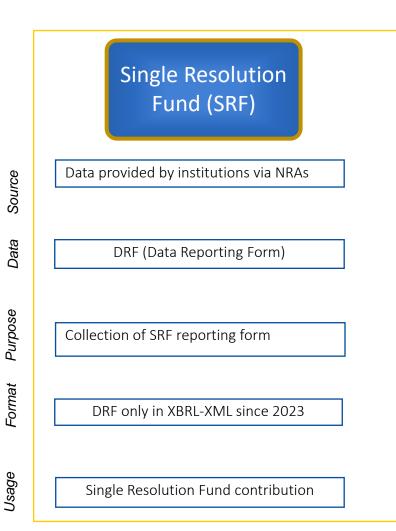
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Single Resolution Fund Data Collection



SRF data collection



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- The SRF at 31 December 2023 represented EUR 78 billion and therefore reached the target level of at least 1% of covered deposits held in the Member States participating in the SRM.
- No regular annual contributions will be collected in 2024 from the institutions falling in scope of the SRF, and contributions would only be collected in the event of specific circumstances or resolution actions involving the use of the SRF.
- Under normal circumstances, the target level verification exercise will be performed each year to confirm that the available financial means at the SRF are at least 1% of the amount of covered deposits of all credit institutions authorised in the Participating Member States. If the result of such exercise should prescribe so, the SRB will restart the regular collection of contributions to SRF. The industry will be informed accordingly.
- For the above mentioned reason, the data will be collected in 2025 (even if the SRF is not used) in order to perform the target level verification exercise. Therefore, the taxonomy for the 2025 cycle will be ready by July 2024 as usual.
- For SRF Data collection we will continue to collect the data in XBRL-XML (i.e. not adaptation to XBRL-CSV at the moment) with the current glossary.

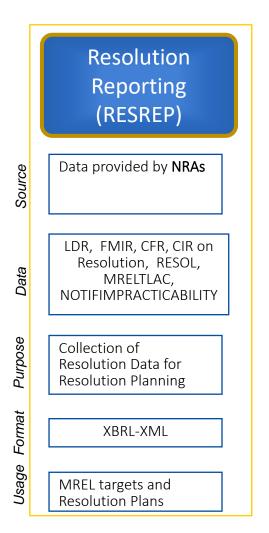
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Resolution Reporting Data Collection and XBRL-CSV adoption approach



Current ResRep data collection





ResRep summary

	MREL TLAC reporting & disclosures	Art 55 Notifications	Resolution Reporting 2024
Format	Exclusively in XBRL	Exclusively in XBRL	Exclusively in XBRL
Frequency	Quarterly	Monthly	Annually
Sequential Reporting	Yes	No	Yes
Reporting Framework	EBA 3.2 (EBA 3.5 from ref. date 30-09-2024)	EBA 3.2 for reference date 31-12-2021 onwards	SIs : EBA 3.2 + SRB extension RES 8.0.2 LSIs : EBA 3.2
Guidance	Commission Implementing Regulation 2021/763	Draft EBA RTS/ITS	Commission Implementing Regulation 2018/1624

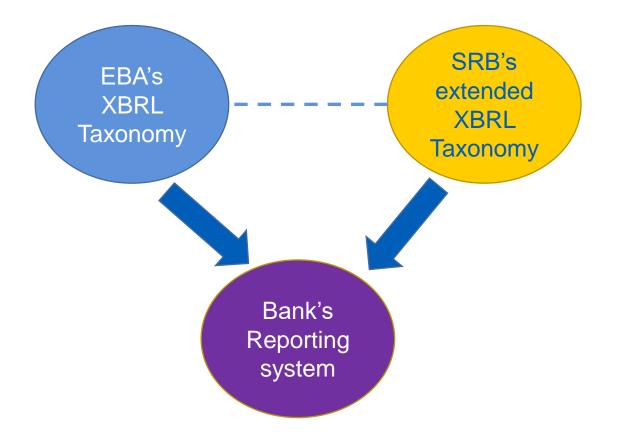


MREL Decisions

	MREL Decisions (Reported by the SRB for banks under its remit)
Format	XBRL (to the EBA)
Frequency	Annually EBA deadline : 31/05/2024 for RPC
Sequential Reporting	No
Reporting Framework	EBA 3.2
Guidance	Commission Implementing Regulation 2021/622

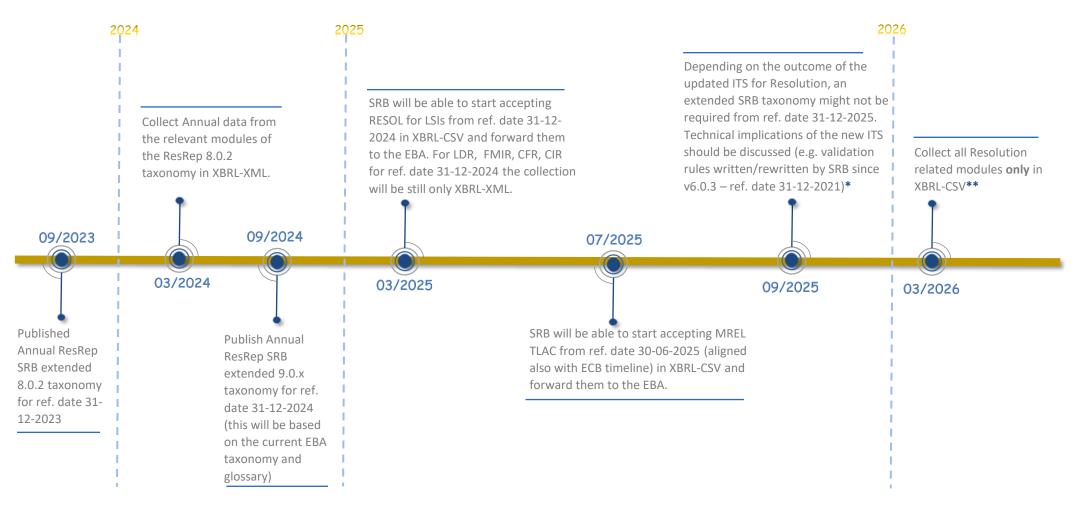


EBA/SRB Rules alignment examples





XBRL-CSV Adoption at the SRB - Draft Timeline



NOTES



* The changes under the proposed updated ITS on resolution planning will be covered in EBA taxonomy version 4.2 (Tentative Timeline communicated by the EBA. Taxonomy should be available in March 2025).

** Only re-submissions from ref. date 30-11-2025 for NOTIFIMPRACTICABILITY or/and ref. date 30-09-2025 for MREL TLAC or/and from ref. date 31-12-2024 for the annual modules (e.g. RESOL, LDR, etc.) will be accepted in XBRL-XML.

SRB Assessment and Proposal for XBRL-CSV with multiple facts per row for RES/SUP

> EBA defined an XBRL-CSV format having 1 fact per row (**data-point centric modelling**).

At the SRB, we believe that the approach where each row contains 1 fact is not very efficient. We propose to define a 'plain' XBRL-CSV where a row can contain multiple facts for a given key (table centric modelling). The approach of the plain XBRL-CSV is also proposed by the EBA but only for the DORA CTPP Designation at the moment.

XBRL-XML	EBA XBRL-CSV (1 fact per row)	XBRL-CSV (multiple facts per row)
Full semantic dimensions	Simpler identification of fact by	Simpler identification of fact by row-
associated to each fact	datapointID (as defined by the EBA)	column coordinates (same as in the annotated tables)
Many verbose text lines are necessary to report one fact (full dimensional context + metric & value)	One fact per row	Plain-tabular, multiple facts per row
Taxonomy as the Single Source of Truth	Taxonomy + EBA DPM database (MS Access)	Taxonomy as the Single Source of Truth



Could apply for all Regulatory Reporting modules (RES, SUP, etc.)

SRB Assessment and Proposal on XBRL-CSV (2)

During the 15th EBA IT Technical Group (13 March 2024), EBA presented the following on 'Why SUP/RES XBRL-CSV reports with one fact per row CSV structure'. This structure was decided together with TFERF members in 2020-2021 considering the following constraints and characteristics or SUP/RES module modelling.

There are different kinds of tables in SUP/RES reporting modules (open row table, closed table, open sheet table etc.), it is logic to propose a single data structure for all these different type of tables.

• SRB proposal: The approach we suggest with a plain XBRL-CSV, multiple facts per row can be defined regardless if the table is open row or closed or open sheet.

EBA

EBA

We have also multiple currencies module in SUP/RES domain, one fact per row structure provide the possibilities to indicate different currencies reported for any monetary fact.

• SRB proposal: A currency column can be created for the modules that are using multiple currencies. This currency column can be considered as an 'attribute' to the amount (and therefore the current 'multiple currency unit' of XBRL can be bypassed)

EBA

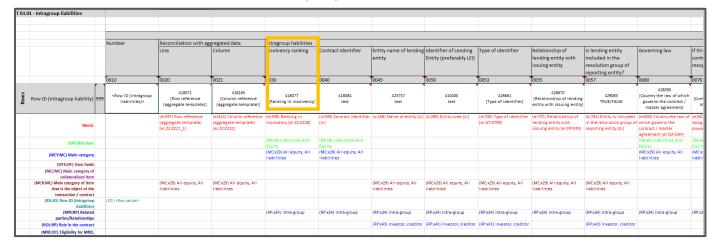
Data point is used to identify each fact because data point is a stable identifier for each data being reported (it does not change from one module version to another module version).

• SRB proposal: The data point ID might not change but the table coordinates that define a data point don't change neither (even if the metric and context change between releases). The proposal with the plain XBRL-CSV (with multiple facts per row) is based on the table coordinates (that define a data point).



Visual differences (Open Tables)

T 03.01 (LDR) – Annotated table



- The XBRL-CSV with 1 fact per row could be complicated and not so easy to read as multiple lines are required to represent one row of the annotated table (which are grouped by IDL – which represents the row in the open annotated table).
- The data point version id is used in the specific transformation example (from multiple facts to one fact). However, when automating this in a proper XBRL-CSV with one fact per row, the data point ID should be taken into account (which could also not be the same with the data point version id some times). The source of truth for the data point id is the DPM.

EBA XBRL-CSV Structure One fact per row

datapoint,factValue,IDL	
dp418071,eba_ZZ:x240,1	
dp418165,eba_ZZ:x291,1	
dp418077,eba_ZZ:x262,1	
ap418084,1a12345678,1	
dp423757,Counterparty,1	
dp410400,456ABC1532,1	
dp428661, eba:ATsi7,1	
dp428670, eba_RP:x56,1	
dp428670,TRUE, 1	

Example of Fact id = T_03-01.r_3.factValue \rightarrow row id = 3rd line of data in the XBRL-CSV file (i.e. the physical line number in the XBRL-CSV file)



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XBRL-CSV Structure Multiple facts per row

0010	c0020	c0021	c0030	c0040	c0045	c0050	c0053	c0055	c0057	c0060	c0070	c0080	c0090	c0100	c0110	c0120	c01
	1 eba_ZZ	x24 eba_ZZ:	x 9 eba_ZZ:x2	id12345678	Counterpa	456ABC153	eba_/	T:si7 eba_RP:x5	E TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	184643.95		0.00 eba_CU:EL	1994-12-07	2019-01-01	201
	2 eba_ZZ:	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba_ZZ:xZ	6 ID12345679	Counterpa	123ABC465	eba_A	T:si7:eba_RP:x5	7 TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	219177.89		0.00 eba_CU:EU	1999-12-29	2019-01-01	201
	3 eba_ZZ:	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba_ZZ:x2	6 ID12345680	Counterpa	123ABC465	eba_A	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	7 TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	8.00		0.00 eba_CU:EL	2012-01-04	2019-01-01	201
	4 eba_ZZ	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba_ZZ:x2	6 ID12345681	Counterpa	456ABC153	eba_/	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	E TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	20871.15		0.00 eba_CU:EL	1999-01-07	2019-01-01	201
	5 eba_ZZ	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba ZZ:x2	6 ID12345682	Counterpa	456ABC153	eba_4	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	E TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	6837.50		0.00 eba_CU:EL	2004-01-09	2019-01-01	201
	6 eba_ZZ	x24 eba_ZZ:	x25 eba_ZZ:x2	6 D12345683	Counterpa	123ABC465	eba_4	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	7 TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	3020.32		0.00 eba_CU:EL	2013-04-18	2019-01-01	201
	7 eba_ZZ	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba_ZZ:x2	6 ID12345684	Counterpa	456ABC153	eba_/	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	2479.34		0.00 eba_CU:EL	2005-03-23	2019-01-01	201
	8 eba_ZZ	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba_ZZ:x2	6 ID12345685	Counterpa	456ABC153	eba_/	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	E TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	613523.63		0.00 eba_CU:EU	2008-06-10	2019-01-01	201
	9 eba_ZZ:	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba_ZZ:x2	6 ID12345686	Counterpa	123ABC465	eba_A	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	35720.00		0.00 eba_CU:EL	1 2003-12-22	2019-01-01	201
	10 eba_ZZ:	x24 eba_ZZ:	x29 eba_ZZ:x2	6 ID12345687	Counterpa	123ABC465	eba_A	T:si7.eba_RP:x5	TRUE	eba_GA:FR	eba_ZZ:x32	195599.95		0.00 eba_CU:EL	1999-12-29	2019-01-01	201

Example of Fact id = $T_03-01.r_1.c0030 \rightarrow$ row id = 1 because 1 is the value of the current row in column c0010 (i.e. the value which match with the row-column coordinate defined in annotated table)

Fact id (as explained by XBRL International) = {table-identifier}.{row-identifier}.{column-identifier}

Visual differences (Closed Tables)

T 01.00.a (LDR) – Annotated table

	В	С	D	E	F	G	н		1			
.00.a - Liability stru	cture - outstanding amount											
			Columns									
			Households	Micro & SME	Corporates	Institutions	Other financial corpora	ations	Government, central banks & supranationals			
			Outstanding amount	Outstanding amount	Outstanding amount	Outstanding amount	Outstanding amount	Of which Insurance firms & pension funds	Outstanding amount			
			0012	0022	0032	0042	0052	Outstanding amount	0082			
		r 1	417580	417607	428262	417555	417678	417653	417702			
Liabilities exclud	ed from bail-in	0100	CES	CES	€£S	EES.	CES	CES	CES			
Covered depo	isits (BRRD art. 44/2/a)	0110	417253 €£\$	417254 €£S	428223 €£5	€£S	417257 €£5	417256 €£\$	417258 €£\$			
Secured liabil	ities - collateralized part (BRRD art. 44/2/b)	0120	417490	41/450	428246	417484	417514	417508	417520			
Secured habit	tites - conaceranzed part (bithb art. 44/2/0)	0120	6ES	CES .	CES .	CES .	CES .	¢£\$	CES			
Client liabiliti	es, if protected in insolvency (BRRD art. 44/2/c)	0130	417264 €£S	417266 €£S	428224 €£\$	417262 €£S	417272 €£\$	417270 €ES	417274 €ES			
	lities, if protected in insolvency (BRRD art. 44/2/d)	0140	417365		€£5 428225 €£5	417263 €£\$	417273 €£\$	€ES 417271 €ES	€£5 417275 €£5			
Institution lia	bilities < 7 days (BRRD art. 44/2/e)	0150	625	€£\$	¢£5	417548 €£\$	417671 ££5	417646 €£\$	€E5			
System (oper	ator) and CCP liabilities < 7 days (BRRD art. 44/2/f)	0161	460414 €ES	460416 €ES	460415 €ES	460413 €ES	460420 €ES	460418 €ES	460421 6ES			

Fact id (as explained by <u>XBRL International</u>) = {table-identifier}.{row-identifier}.{column-identifier}

EBA XBRL-CSV Structure One fact per row

datapoint,factValue
417580, 25221259467
417607, 787504842
428262, 42637743
417555, 872679379
417678, 148722392
417653, 0

Example of Fact id = = T_01-00-a.r_4.factValue

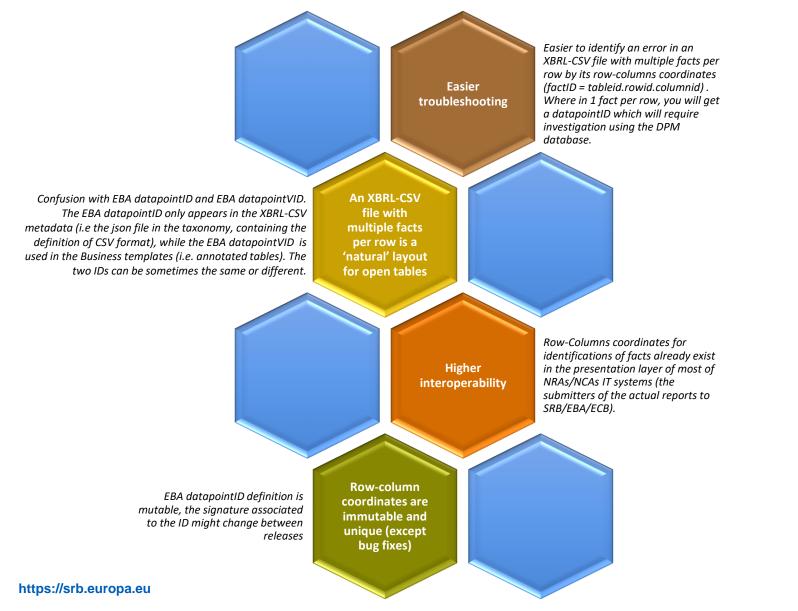


XBRL-CSV Structure Multiple facts per row

de	c0012	c0022	c0032	c0042	c0052	c0062	c0082	c0092	c0102	c0122	c0132	c0142
.00	25221259467	787504842	42637743	872679379	1487223920	0	65519550	0	445169481	28921994383	2183187946	(
	25154395467	787504842	42637743		0	0	1147133		479881	25986165066	0	(
20	0	0	0	637346426	1487223920	0	39854017	0	0	2164424362	2124570346	6
.30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
.50				176715354	0	0				176715354		(
61		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	403928000	403928000	0	(
70	66864000									66864000		(
80	0	0	0	58617600	0	0	0	0	40761600	99379200	58617600	6
90							24518400			24518400		
00		0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	
10				0	0	0				0	0	
00	1102302114	451917942	1946887746	6238016865	433647659	420051124	1553212799	0	355210581	12081195705	6163469417	
10	1094304250	451917942	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1546222191	0	
11	1052164377	413428182	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1465592559	0	
12	11776906	6868501	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18645406	0	
13	9101762	10896847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19998610	0	
14	21261204	20724412	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41985616	0	
20	0	0	1946887746	1506681	433586857	420051124	1553212799	0	981	3935195064	2436420	
21	0	0	1640448191	1506681	210081118	201091432	1427095797	0	981	3279132768	2436420	
22	0	0	36771136	0	77152661	72589966	53705543	0	0	167629340	0	
23	0	0	42611960	0	65313590	65271056	22512266	0	0	130437816	0	
24	0	0	227056460	0	81039488	81098671	49899192	0	0	357995140	0	
30												
31	0	0	0	353077256	0	0	0	0	0	353077256	353077256	
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Example of Fact id = T 01-00-a.r r0100.c0042

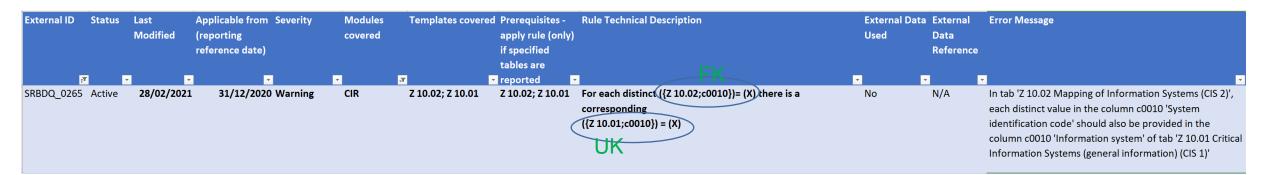
Advantages of XBRL-CSV with multiple facts per row



New Specification: Unique key – foreign key constraints and mandatory columns in open tables

The XBRL International Granular data working group is currently working on a new specification that will improve support for large datasets characterised by many related open tables. The new specification will provide, for starters, an easy and quick way to enforce unique key (UK) – foreign key (FK) constraints and mandatory columns in open tables.

At the SRB, at the moment, since unique key (UK) – foreign key (FK) check is not possible at the taxonomy level, we perform it as a Level 3 check, after the submission and processing of the XBRL report file. Several examples can be found in our published document '<u>SRB Level 3 data quality checks</u>'. An example of unique key (UK) – foreign key (FK) constraints level 3 check is displayed below:





New Specification: Unique key – foreign key constraints and mandatory columns in open tables (2)

Furthermore, with the upcoming mandatory column checks, SRB rules like the **srb_e7493_e** (published on SRB <u>website</u>) will not be needed anymore which will also enhance performance.

The specific rule currently performs mandatory columns checks on the granular table T 06.01 - Other financial Liabilities (not included in other tabs, excluding intragroup), i.e. it checks for existence of value in specific columns.







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